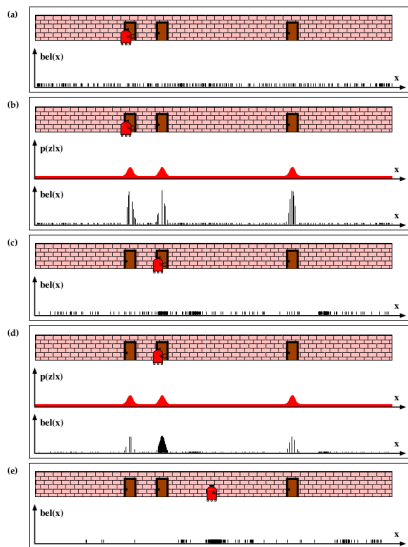


CS354

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December 12, 2022

Monte-Carlo Localization aka Particle Filter



Probabilistic Robotics. Thrun, Burgard, Fox, 2005

Figure 8.11 Monte Carlo Localization, a particle filter applied to mobile robot localization.

Particle Filter Algorithm

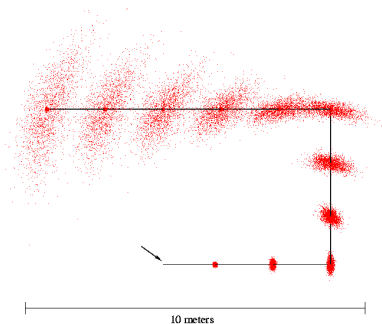
- 1: **procedure** PARTICLE_FILTER_FOR_LOCALIZATION($\mathcal{X}_{t-1}, u_t, z_t, m$)
- 2: **Inputs**
- 3: \mathcal{X}_{t-1} – The previous set of particles
- 4: u_t – The control signal
- 5: z_t – The sensor value
- 6: m – The map
- 7: **Output**
- 8: \mathcal{X}_t – The updated set of particles

- 9: **for** $m = 0$ to $M - 1$ **do**
- 10: $x_t^{[m]} = \text{sample_motion_model}(u_t, x_{t-1}^{[m]})$ ▷ Predict
- 11: $w_t^{[m]} = \text{measurement_model}(z_t, x_t^{[m]}, m)$ ▷ Correct
- 12: $\bar{\mathcal{X}}_t = \bar{\mathcal{X}}_t \cup \{ \langle x_t^{[m]}, w_t^{[m]} \rangle \}$
- 13: **for** $m = 0$ to $M - 1$ **do** ▷ Resampling
- 14: draw i with probability $\propto w_t^{[i]}$
- 15: $\mathcal{X}_t = \mathcal{X}_t \cup \{ \langle x_t^{[i]}, 1/M \rangle \}$

Based on Algorithm in Table 8.2 in Probabilistic Robotics. Thrun, Burgard, Fox, 2005

Sampling From the Motion Model

■ $x_t^{[m]} \sim p(x_t \mid u_t, x_{t-1}^{[m]})$

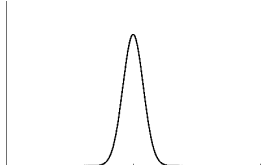


<http://robots.stanford.edu/probabilistic-robotics/>

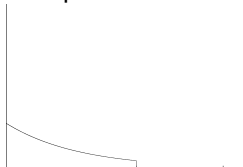
Measurement Models for Laser Range Finders

- $w_t^{[m]} = p(z_t | x_t^{[m]}, m)$
- (Note that weights won't sum to one)

measurement noise:



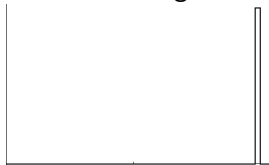
unexpected obstacles:



random measurement:

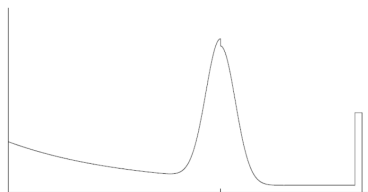


maximum range:



Measurement Models for Laser Range Finders

- $w_t^{[m]} = p(z_t | x_t^{[m]}, m)$



$$P(z | x, m) = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{\text{hit}} \\ \alpha_{\text{unexp}} \\ \alpha_{\text{max}} \\ \alpha_{\text{rand}} \end{pmatrix}^T \cdot \begin{pmatrix} P_{\text{hit}}(z | x, m) \\ P_{\text{unexp}}(z | x, m) \\ P_{\text{max}}(z | x, m) \\ P_{\text{rand}}(z | x, m) \end{pmatrix}$$

<http://robots.stanford.edu/probabilistic-robotics/>

- Not a good idea to run the particle filter while the robot is stationary
 - Resampling will deplete the set of particles
- May not be necessary to resample on every update.

Extracting a Single State Estimate

- Possibilities:
 - Average over all particles
 - Cluster the algorithms, average within the “best” cluster
 - Something fancier...