CS240: Data Structures And Algorithms

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LinkedList or ArrayList?

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.LinkedList;
public class ListDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    LinkedList<String> list = new LinkedList<String>();
    for (int i = 0; i < 500000; i++) {</pre>
      list.add(0, "A");
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < 500000; i++) {</pre>
      list.remove(0);
    }
  }
}
```

• What is the result of changing the code snippet to use an ArrayList instead of a LinkedList?

```
for (int i = 0; i < 500000; i++) {
    list.add(0, "A");
}
for (int i = 0; i < 500000; i++) {
    list.remove(0);
}</pre>
```

- A) No change in correctness or execution time. No one notices you made the change.
- B) An ArrayList will not work correctly in this case. You've broken the code! You're Fired!
- C) The new implementation is slightly slower than the original implementation.
- D) The new implementation is slightly faster than the original implementation.
- E) The new implementation is MUCH faster than the original version. Nice Job! Promoted on your first day!
- F) The new implementation is MUCH slower than the original version. You're fired!

Abstract Data Types and Data Structures

- "A data structure is a way of organizing, storing, and performing operations on data."
- "An abstract data type (ADT) is a data type described by predefined user operations, such as "insert data at rear," without indicating how each operation is implemented. An ADT can be implemented using different underlying data structures."

Java Collections

- Naming convention for Java Collection types: ArrayList
 - Array Coded using Arrays "under the hood"
 - List Implements the List Interface, which represents the list abstract data type.

An ordered collection (also known as a sequence). The user of this interface has precise control over where in the list each element is inserted. The user can access elements by their integer index (position in the list), and search for elements in the list

List, ArrayList, LinkedList

- Other standard Java ADT's*:
 - List (Map, Set, Queue, Deque)
- Java collection classes are data structures:
 - ArrayList
 - LinkedList

*Some authors would argue that an ADT is an abstract mathematical description that is not tied to any particular language construct.

Two Steps Back: CS261

- X86 Assembly language example :
 - mov (%ebx), %eax
 add %eax, %eax
 mov %eax, (%ebx)
- The structure of memory...
- Contiguous vs. Linked Structures...

ArrayList...

```
ArrayList<String> letters = new ArrayList<>();
letters.add("A");
letters.add(0, "B");
letters.add("C");
```



Doubly-Linked Lists

```
LinkedList<String> letters = new LinkedList<>();
letters.add("A");
letters.add(0, "B");
letters.add("C");
```



• (Java's LinkedList class is "doubly-linked")

Key Goals For This Course

- Selecting appropriate ADT's
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- Algorithm Analysis
 - How can we determine the performance characteristics of our code before we write it

Back to Linked List vs. ArrayList...

- LinkedList CRUSHED ArrayList in our earlier code snippet. Which, if any, of these will be much *faster for an ArrayList* (assuming a large number of entries)?
 - A) list.get(0);
 - B) list.get(list.size() 1);
 - C) list.get(list.size() / 2);
 - D) None of the above.

For Friday

- Do the posted reading and quizzes for Friday.
- Sign into Canvas and log into Piazza
- Complete the course survey + 1Pic1Par
- Read the syllabus carefully
- If you plan to bring a laptop (encouraged!), make sure it has Java 16+ and a working Java IDE.