



#### Reminder

- Naming convention for Java Collection types: ArrayList
  - Array Coded using Arrays "under the hood"
  - List Implements the List Interface

An ordered collection (also known as a sequence). The user of this interface has precise control over where in the list each element is inserted. The user can access elements by their integer index (position in the list), and search for elements in the list

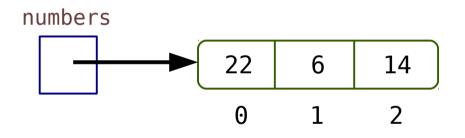
# Question for Today

- Arrays are great. Why would we want any other implementation?
- In general: why would Java provide multiple implementation for their collection interfaces? Why not just pick the best one?

Why Arrays Are Great (And Not Great)

• Arrays store elements in one contiguous block of memory:

int[] numbers = {22, 6, 14};

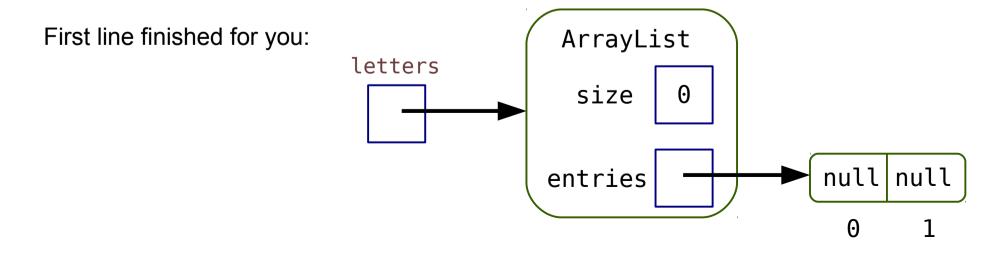


- Advantages of arrays:
  - Very fast access to elements by index.
- Disadvantages of arrays:
  - Let's look at an example...
  - ArraysAreBad.java



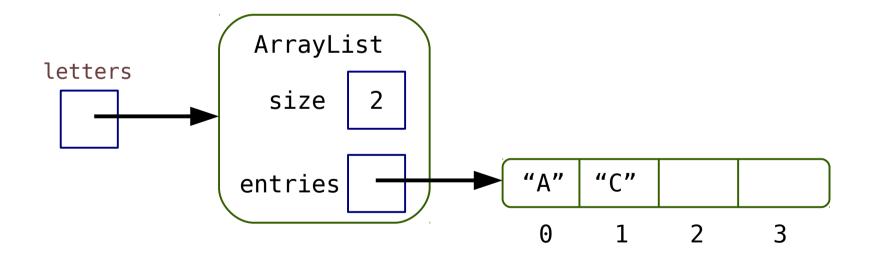
- Trace the execution of the following code snippet. Draw the contents of memory.
- Assume that array size is doubled when needed.

```
ArrayList<String> letters = new ArrayList<>();
letters.add("A");
letters.add(0, "B");
letters.add(1, "C");
letters.remove(0);
```





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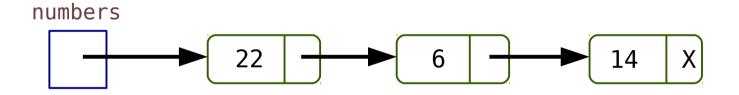


# ArrayList Weaknesses

- Insertion and deletion near the beginning is slooow
  - Insertion:
    - Every element to the right needs to be shifted right to make space
  - Deletion:
    - Every element to the right needs to be shifted left to fill the gap
- Maybe a LinkedList (??) will do better. Let's try...

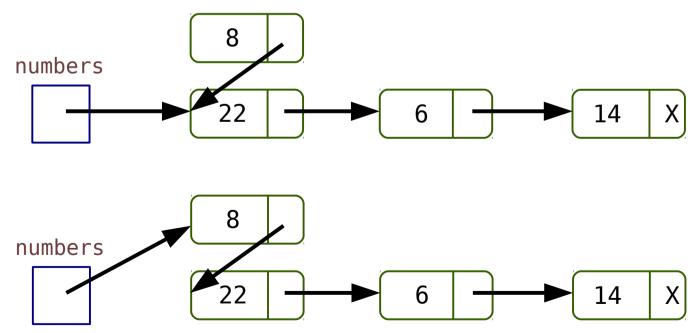
#### Linked Structures

• Linked structures "chain" elements using references:



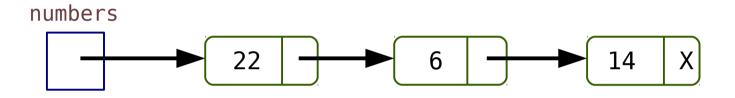
## Linked Insertion

- This organization allows fast insertions/deletions near the beginning.
- Adding 8:



Linked List Implementation

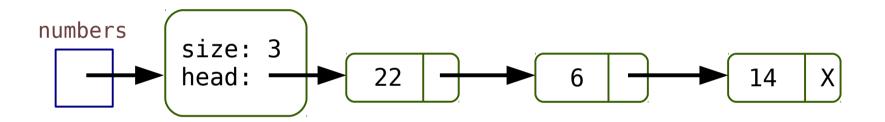
• Linked objects are referred to as "nodes"



- Node.java
- NodeDriver.java

LinkedList Implementation

- Inconvenient to work with "naked" nodes.
- Create a wrapper class to handle list logic:



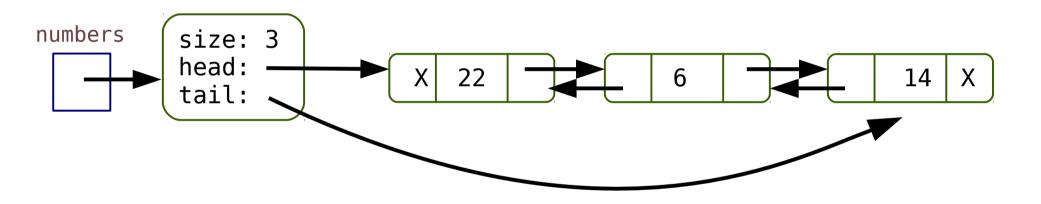
- SimpleLinkedList.java
- ListDriver.java

### LinkedList Weaknesses

- Can you think of situations where ArrayLists are preferable to LinkedLists?
- ArraysAreGood.java

## Doubly-Linked Lists

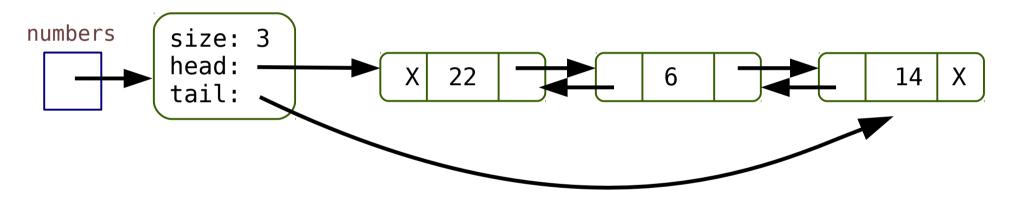
• Java's LinkedList class is doubly-linked:



- What are the advantages to this approach?
- Are there any disadvantages?

# Doubly-Linked Lists

• Java's LinkedList class is doubly-linked:



- What are the advantages to this approach?
  - Efficiently add/remove near either end
  - Efficient backward iteration
- Are there any disadvantages?
  - The backward references require extra space