

1. Here is a simplified version of the missions and cannibals problem. Two missionaries and two cannibals are on one side of the river along with a boat that can hold one or two people. Find a way to get everyone to the other wide of a river without ever leaving a group if missionaries in one place outnumbered by the cannibals in that place. This is a famous AI problem (Amarel, 1968).
 - (a) Formulate the problem, only including items required to compute the solution. Draw a diagram of the state space. [5 pts]
 - (b) implement and solve optimally using an appropriate search algorithm. Comment on the need to check for repeated states.

2. The following implementation of graph search may be incorrect.

```
function GRAPH-SEARCH(problem, fringe)  
  closed ← an empty set,  
  fringe ← INSERT(MAKE-NODE(INITIAL-STATE[problem]), fringe)  
  loop  
    if fringe is empty then  
      return failure  
    end if  
    node ← REMOVE-FRONT(fringe)  
    IF GOAL-TEST(problem, STATE[node]) THEN  
      RETURN node  
    END IF  
    ADD STATE[node] TO closed  
    fringe ← INSERTALL(EXPAND(node, problem), fringe)  
  END LOOP  
END FUNCTION
```

Circle all the problems with the code.

[5pts]

- (a) Nodes may be expanded twice.
- (b) Nodes may be expanded twice.
- (c) The algorithm is no longer complete.
- (d) The algorithm is no longer complete.
- (e) The algorithm could return an incorrect solution.
- (f) None of the above.

3. Let h^* = the number of misplaced tiles in the 8-puzzle game.

(a) Show that h^* is an admissible heuristic. [2 pts]

(b) Trace A^* with the h^* heuristic to solve the 8-puzzle starting from the following configuration ('-' indicates blank tile): [5 pts]

2 4 3

1 6 8

5 - 7

4. Answer the following questions concisely.

- (a) Most game-playing programs do not save search results from one move to the next. Instead, they usually start completely afresh whenever it is the machine's turn to move. Why? [3 pts]

5. Consider a simpler version of NIM's game: Place a number of tokens between two opponents; at each move, the player whose turn comes must divide a pile of tokens into two non-empty piles of different sizes. The first player who can no longer make a move loses the game.

(a) Start with a pile of 7 tokens with the MIN player making the first move. Show game tree and solution path. [5 pts]

(b) Use alpha-beta pruning to show what nodes would not need to be examined in above game tree. [5 pts]

Blank page [write name and nr. of problem you are solving here.] Name_____