File Input/Output

Most data is stored in files, not input by the user every time. In this activity, you'll learn the basics of reading and writing text files.

Manager:	Recorder:
Presenter:	Reflector:

Content Learning Objectives

After completing this activity, students should be able to:

- Create a new text file, and output several lines to the file.
- Open an existing file, and append several lines to the file.
- Read a text file line by line, and extract data from the file.

Process Skill Goals

During the activity, students should make progress toward:

• Justifying answers based on the results of an experiment. (Critical Thinking)

Model 1 Writing to a File

The following code creates a new file (in the current/default folder) named out.txt and writes several lines of output. Run the code, and write the contents of out.txt in the space provided.

```
outfile = open("out.txt", "w")
outfile.write("Example ")
outfile.write("output ")
outfile.write("text file\n")
outfile.write("xyz Coordinates\n")
outfile.write("MODEL\n")
outfile.write(f"ATOM {1:3d}")
seq = f"n {0:5.1f}{1:5.1f}{2:5.1f}"
outfile.write(seq)
outfile.write("\n")
outfile.close()
```

Questions (15 min)

Start time:

- 1. Based on the Python code:
 - a) How many arguments are passed to open? What are their types?
 - b) What variable stores the *file object* returned by the open function?
 - c) Identify the names of all methods used on this file object in the code.
 - d) What type of data does the write method require for its argument?
- 2. Based on the out.txt file:
 - a) How many times was the write method called to create the first line of text?
 - b) How many times was the write method called to create the second line of text?
 - c) What does the "\n" character do when writing to the file?
 - d) How is the write method different from the print function?
- 3. Write a program that creates a file named lines.txt and writes 100 lines like this:

```
Line #1
Line #2
Line #3
```

Model 2 Appending to a File

The second argument of open specifies the *mode* in which the file is opened. When writing output to a file, there are two basic modes:

- The write mode ("w") will overwrite/replace the file contents.
- The append mode ("a") will add new data to the end of the file.

Run the following lines in a Python Shell:

Python code	Shell output
afile.write("new line\n")	
afile = open("out.txt", "a")	
afile.write("new line\n")	
afile.write(2.0)	
afile.write("2.0")	
afile.close()	
afile.write("new line\n")	

Questions (10 min)

Start time:

- 4. Explain what happens as a result of the line: afile = open("out.txt", "a")
- 5. How do the arguments passed to the open function differ for writing a new file in comparison to appending an existing file?
- 6. What does the write method return? Run help(afile.write) to check your answer.
- 7. Explain the reason for the error observed after entering:
 - a) the first line of code: afile.write("new line\n")
 - b) the last line of code: afile.write("new line\n")
 - c) the statement: afile.write(2.0)

Model 3 Reading from a File

Run the following lines in a Python Shell:

Python code	Shell output
<pre>infile = open("out.txt", "r")</pre>	
infile.readline()	
infile.readline()	
infile.readlines()	
infile.readline()	
infile.close()	
<pre>infile = open("out.txt", "r")</pre>	
<pre>for line in infile: print(line)</pre>	
infile.close()	
<pre>infile = open("out.txt", "r")</pre>	
<pre>for i in range(3): infile.readline()</pre>	
line = infile.readline()	
infile.close()	
line	
line[0]	
line[0:5]	
words = line.split()	
words	
words[0]	

Questions (20 min)

Start time:

- **8**. Based on the output above:
 - a) What type of data does the readline method return?
 - b) What type of data does the readlines method return?

9. Why did the readline method return different values each time?
10. What happens if you try to read past the end of the file? Justify your answer.
11. What is the difference between the two for loops in Model 3?
12. Consider the output of the first for loop:
a) Why does the program display the file as if it were double spaced?
b) How would you change the code to avoid printing extra blank lines?
13. Based on the second half of Model 3:
a) Why was it necessary to open the file again?
b) Write code that would output 1.0 using line
c) Write code that would output 1.0 using words
14. Consider a file names.txt that contains first and last names of 100 people, with one name per line (e.g., "Anita Borg"). Write a program that prints all the last names (the second word of each line) in the file.