## CS159 – Advanced Programming Sample Examination 1

## James Madison University Fall 2024

Printed Name:
<b>Instructions.</b> Answer all of the following questions. This is a "closed book" examination and you must work entirely on your own. You may not use a computing or communications device of any kind. Your answers need not conform to the course style guide. All questions that involve code or are about code use the Java programming language.
This work complies with the JMU Honor Code.
Signature:

<b>1. (10 points)</b> Choose the best answer to each of the following:		
(1)	<ul> <li>In Java, &lt; is</li> <li>a. A relational operator</li> <li>b. A unary operator</li> <li>c. A distributed operator</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> <li>e. None of the above</li> </ul>	
(2)	<ul> <li>In Java, &amp;&amp;</li> <li>a. Is a logical operator</li> <li>b. Is a binary operator</li> <li>c. Has boolean operands</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> <li>e. None of the above</li> </ul>	
(3)	<pre>In Java, the main() method of the "main class" must have what return type?     a. double     b. int     c. String     d. String[]     e. void</pre>	
(4)	<pre>In Java, the main() method of the "main class" must have a parameter of what type?     a. double     b. int     c. String     d. String[]     e. void</pre>	
(5)	In Java, the parameter in the main() method of the "main class" is which of the following:  a. A primitive type b. A reference type c. A formal type d. All of the above e. None of the above	
(6)	In the Java <b>statement</b> i = (int)d; the operator = is a/an:  a. Assignment operator b. Relational operator c. Typecast operator d. All of the above e. None of the above	

(7)	In Java, given the following statements:
	<pre>String[] months; months = new String[12]; System.out.println(months[0]);</pre>
	<pre>months[0] is which of the following?</pre>
	<ul><li>a. A primitive type</li><li>b. A reference type</li><li>c. A formal type</li><li>d. All of the above</li><li>e. None of the above</li></ul>
(8)	In Java, what kind of <b>statement</b> is <b>int i;</b> ?
	<ul><li>a. Assignment statement</li><li>b. Declaration statement</li><li>c. Typecast statement</li><li>d. All of the above</li><li>e. None of the above</li></ul>
(9)	<ul> <li>In Java, String variables should be compared using which of the following?</li> <li>a. The == operator because String is a primitive type</li> <li>b. The equals() method because String is a primitive type</li> <li>c. The equals() method because String is a reference type</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> <li>e. None of the above</li> </ul>
(10)	In Java, a variable is
	<ul> <li>a. The implicit loss of precision in arithmetic operations</li> <li>b. The way the decrement operator changes</li> <li>c. A named space for holding a value</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> </ul>

e. None of the above

**2.** (10 points) Consider the following implementation of the Calculator class.

```
public class Calculator {
    public static final int MAX_SIZE = 100;
    public static double circumference(double radius) {
        double result;
        result = 2.0 * Math.PI * radius;
        return result;
    }
}
```

Identify the best description of each of the following as it is used in this fragment. You may use a description more than once.

 Calculator	a. An
<pre>circumference()</pre>	b. An
Math	c. A" d. The
 Math.PI	e. A fo
 MAX_SIZE	f. A li
radius	g. Ald
 result	h. A lo i. The
 2.0	j. The
 •	k. The
*	l. Are
	m. A ty

- actual parameter
- arithmetic operator
- class constant"
- e command-line arguments
- ormal parameter
- iteral
- ocal variable
- ogical operator
- e membership operator
- e name of a class
- e name of a method
- elational operator
- ypecast operator

<b>3. (6 points)</b> Choose the best answer to each of the following:			
(1)	In Java, an operator that has numeric operands and evaluates to a number is:  a. An arithmetic operator  b. A logical operator  c. A relational operator		
(2)	In Java, an operator that has numeric operands and evaluates to a boolean:  a. An arithmetic operator b. A logical operator c. A relational operator		
(3) _	<ul> <li>In Java, an operator that has boolean operands and evaluates to a boolean is:</li> <li>a. An arithmetic operator</li> <li>b. A logical operator</li> <li>c. A relational operator</li> </ul>		

. (4 points	Choose the best answer to each of the following:
	(1) In Java, the <b>statement double cost</b> ;
	a. A compile-time error
	b. A run-time error
	c. A repetitive stress error
	<ul><li>d. All of the above</li><li>e. None of the above</li></ul>
	e. Indie of the above
	(2) In a Java program written for CS159, omitting a period from the end of the first line of a comment will cause which of the following?
	a. A compile-time error
	b. A run-time error
	c. A Checkstyle error
	d. All of the above
	e. None of the above
	(3) In Java, assuming that the variables have been both declared and initialized, the statement average = total / 0; will cause which of the following?
	a. A compile-time error
	b. A run-time error
	c. A repetitive stress error
	d. All of the above
	e. None of the above
	(4) In Java, assuming the following declaration and initialization:
	String current;
	String[] months;
	<pre>months = new String[12];</pre>
	the <b>statement</b> current = months[12]; will cause which of the following?
	a. A compile-time error
	b. A run-time error

c. A repetitive stress errord. All of the above

e. None of the above

**5. (5 points)** Given the following implementation of the PhoneNumber class:

```
public class PhoneNumber {
    private static int exchange;
    private int extension;

public PhoneNumber(int exc, int ext) {
        exchange = exc;
        extension = ext;
    }

public String toString() {
        return String.format("%d-%d", exchange, extension);
}
```

what will be printed by the following program (assuming it is compiled and executed properly)?

```
public class PhoneTest {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      PhoneNumber home, work;
      home = new PhoneNumber(434, 1776);
      work = new PhoneNumber(568, 2022);
      System.out.println(home.toString());
      System.out.println(work.toString());
   }
}
```

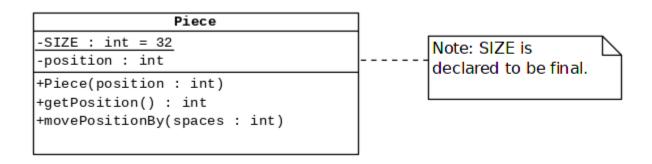
<b>6. (5 points)</b> Given the attached UML class diagram and specifications for the Piece class, implement the constructor. Your answer must include both the declaration and the body of the constructor.
<b>7. (5 points)</b> Given the attached UML class diagram for the Piece class, implement the accessor method. Your answer must include both the declaration and the body of the method.
<b>8. (5 points)</b> Given the attached UML class diagram and specifications for the Piece class, implement the mutator method. Your answer must include both the declaration and the body of the method.

9. Write a static method named findIt that returns true if and only if the first parameter, an array of ints called nums, has one or more elements equal to the second parameter, an int called x.

For example: findIt( $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , 3)  $\rightarrow$  true findIt( $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , 6)  $\rightarrow$  false

## **Attachments**

The Piece class is an encapsulation of a game piece in a board game.



- 1. The position Attribute
  - 1.1. Holds the value of the current position on the board.
    - 1.1.1. There are SIZE positions on the board (which are arranged in a circle, increasing in the clockwise direction).
    - 1.1.2. The position on the board must be 0-based.
- 2. The Constructor
  - 2.1. Must initialize the attribute named position to 0 whenever the parameter named position is invalid (whether negative or positive).
  - 2.2. Must initialize the attribute named position to the value of the parameter named position otherwise.
- 3. The movePositionBy() Method
  - 3.1. The parameter spaces contains the number of spaces that the piece must move (which can have any value) in the clockwise direction.
  - 3.2. This method must adjust the position attribute by the value of spaces (accounting for the number of positions and the fact that the board is circular). For example, if position is initially 18 and spaces is 22 it must assign 8 to position.